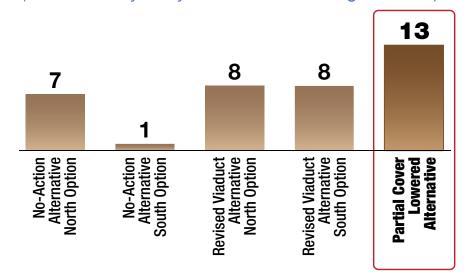


Historic Preservation

There are four criteria that determine the eligibility of a site as a historic resource. The site can be eligible under one or more than one criterion.

A project is considered to adversely affect a historic resource if it alters the characteristics that qualify the resource for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places in a manner that would diminish the integrity of the resource.

Number of Historic Properties with Adverse Effect (Predominantly in Elyria and Swansea Neighborhood)



Mitigation for adverse effects includes:

- Completing Level II archival documentation (includes full descriptive and historical narrative, measured drawings, and medium format photography)
- Executing a Programmatic Agreement among FHWA, the State Historic Preservation Office, and CDOT prior to the ROD that provides a process to develop and implement additional mitigation
- Providing funds for and participating in a documentary covering the history of I-70 East and its relationship to the Globeville and Elyria and Swansea Neighborhoods (note that CDOT has completed this mitigation)

Historic Resource Criteria

Criterion A: Resource is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad pattern of our history.

Criterion B: Resource is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.

Criterion C: Resource (1) embodied the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction; (2) represents the work of a master; (3) possesses high artistic values; and/or (4) represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction.

Criterion D: Resource has yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.