

Floodplains

Transportation projects are required to avoid or minimize highway intrusion within floodplains*, where practicable. The floodplain determines what areas are flooded for various storm events. Design for these flooding areas should reduce the risk of flood loss; minimize the effect of floods on human safety, health, and welfare; and should restore and preserve any natural and beneficial values served by the floodplain.

(More detail can be found in Section 5.14 of the DEIS)

Impacts					
	No-Action	Alternative 1 EXISTING	Alternative 3 EXISTING, TOLLED	Alternative 4 REALIGNED	Alternative 6 REALIGNED, TOLLED
Floodplains and drainage/hydrology	The existing floodplains would remain as they are and no impacts are anticipated				
Mitigation	Improved drainage systems.				

^{*} The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regulates 100-year floodplains (100-year flood has a one percent chance of occurring in any given year). The non-FEMA regulated floodplains, such as the urban flooding areas in downtown Denver, have fewer restrictions on them; however, they are no less important.